CLAIMS:

- A loudspeaker enclosure which constitutes a humidity sensitive region and whose moisture content is arranged to be reduced by providing within the enclosure and/or in gaseous communication therewith a heat source, the enclosure comprising passage means to enable the outward movement of gases therefrom when the heat source is operative.
- 2. An enclosure which constitutes a humidity sensitive region and whose moisture content is arranged to be reduced by providing within the enclosure and/or in gaseous communication therewith a heat source, the enclosure comprising passage means to enable the outward movement of gases therefrom when the heat source is operative, the passage means comprising a tube having a bore narrow enough substantially to prevent diffusion of gases therethrough in the absence of a pressure differential between the interior of the enclosure and the ambient atmosphere.
- 3. An enclosure according to claim 2, which is a 20 loudspeaker enclosure.
 - 4. An enclosure according to any preceding claim, in which the heat source comprises one or more electrical resistors.
- 5. An enclosure according to any preceding claim, in which the heat source is cyclically operative.
 - 6. An enclosure according to claim 5, in which the heat source is cycled at intervals of hours.
 - 7. An enclosure according to any preceding claim, which includes a dessicant.
- 30 8. An enclosure according to any preceding claim, in which the enclosure includes an adsorbent material which is or which has been treated to make it at least partially hydrophobic.
 - 9. A method of controlling the moisture in a

loudspeaker enclosure which constitutes a humidity sensitive region, which comprises heating the gases within the enclosure or in gaseous communication therewith by a heat source, and providing for the outward movement of gases from the enclosure when the heat source is operative.

- 10. A method of controlling the moisture in an enclosure which constitutes a humidity sensitive region, which comprises heating the gases within the enclosure or in gaseous communication therewith by a heat source, and 10 providing, when the heat source is operative, for the outward movement of gases from the enclosure through a bore narrow enough substantially to prevent diffusion of gases therethrough in the absence of a pressure differential between the interior of the enclosure and the ambient atmosphere.
 - 11. A method according to claim 10, in which the enclosure is a loudspeaker enclosure.
 - 12. A method according to any of claims 9 to 11, in which the heat source is cyclically operative.
- 20 13. An enclosure substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to the drawing.
 - 14. A method substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to the drawing.